beams (hereinafter referred to only as an example as "laser beams") which form laser beam spots on a recording medium, wherein the three or more laser beams scan the recording medium in a main scanning direction while being put on and off to form a light image having a minimum recording interval on the recording medium, wherein the interval between one of the light emitting points and the adjacent light emitting point is not greater than the minimum

line in a direction orthogonal to the main scanning direction.

Please delete the paragraph at page 9, lines 5-12, and substitute therefor the following:

The receiving paper P is then fed upward in the main body 30. When the leading edge of the receiving paper P strikes a registration roller 54, the paper is stopped there for a moment. Then the receiving paper P is timely fed by the registration roller 54 such that the toner image formed on the photoreceptor drum 16 is accurately transferred on a proper position of the receiving paper P. Thus, the toner image on the photoreceptor drum 16 is transferred onto the receiving paper P.

light emitting array, e.g., a laser diode array which serves as a light source and in which three

or more light emitting elements (hereinafter referred to as "points") are arranged (e.g., integral

or in a package) at predetermined locations, e.g., at predetermined distances from each other,

e.g., at an equal interval, wherein the three or more light emitting points emit respective light

recording interval, and wherein the light emitting points are arranged such that the three or

more laser beam spots on the recording medium are arranged in a line or substantially in a

Please delete the paragraph at page 11, lines 7-8, and substitute therefor the following:

The regulated laser beams reach a polygon mirror 12 after passing through a cylinder lens 11 and a mirror 18.

 A^3